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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/850,985	05/08/2001	Wen Pao Wu	47097-01059	3481
30223 7	7590 07/02/2002			
JENKENS & GILCHRIST, P.C.			EXAMINER	
225 WEST WASHINGTON SUITE 2600		NOLAN, SAN		NDRA M
CHICAGO, IL	00000		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1772	
			DATE MAILED: 07/02/2002	7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		45-2			
	Application N .	Applicant(s)			
	09/850,985	WU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit			
	Sandra M. Nolan	1772			
The MAILING DATE of this c mmunication appears n the cover she t with the correspondence address P riod for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
,—	— · is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-46 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>23-46</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.	•	•			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal I	/ (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims

1. Claims 1-46 are pending.

Election/Restriction

- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - 1. Claims 1-22, drawn to containers, classified in class 428, subclass 35.7.
 - II. Claims 23-46, drawn to sheets*, classified in class 524, subclass (unknown).

*Note: Claims 45 and 46 depend on claim 44. It is assumed that applicants intended for them to directed to sheets. They have been included in Group II for that reason.

3. The inventions are distinct, each from the other, for the following reasons:

Inventions II and I are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as a cutting board and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions

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anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

- 4. During a telephone conversation with Mr. Cooley on June 25, 2002, a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-22. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 23-46 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

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Information Disclosure Statement

- 6. The information disclosure statement submitted on August 13, 2002 (Paper No.
- 2) was considered by the examiner.

Drawings

7. A form PTO 948 is enclosed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

8. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

9. Claims 14 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The specification fails to describe the "impact copolymer polypropylene" claimed or how to make it.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 14 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

What does "impact copolymer polypropylene" mean?

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

12. Claims 1-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akao (US 5,225,466) in view of JP 61032743A (abstract only; copy of publication unavailable).

Akao teaches containers (Figure 5 and col. 1, line 14) made from compositions containing polypropylene (col. 2, lines 57-60) and 0.05 to 40 wt. % (col. 4, line 27) of calcium carbonate, barium sulfate and/or talc (col. 4, lines 22, 23 and 25). The container in Figure 5 has a body **16** and a cover **17** (col. 6, lines 43-44).

Akao does not teach the high aspect ratios claimed.

The Japanese abstract teaches the use of talc having a high aspect ratio (second paragraph of the abstract) in polypropylene (second paragraph of the abstract) to produce articles having excellent strength and rigidity (use/advantage section).



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The references are analogous because they both deal with reinforced polypropylene compositions.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ talc having a high aspect ratio, such as that taught by the Japanese reference, along with calcium carbonate or barium sulfate, in molding compositions for containers, such as those of Akao, in order to produce containers having excellent strength and rigidity.

The motivation to employ the high aspect ratio talc of the Japanese reference in the containers of Akao is found in the Use/advantage section of the abstract, where the strength and rigidity of articles made from the Japanese compositions is taught.

It is deemed desirable to produce containers having high strength and rigidity so that they can be stored and handled with minimal fear of damage to the containers and/or their contents.

The art is aware of the "low aspect ratios" of conventional barium sulfate and calcium carbonate fillers.

Citation of Interest

13. JP 04353404A is cited of interest as teaching that high and low aspect ratio fibers can be mixed to reinforce EVOH performs, which are used to make epoxy-bound materials having high abrasion resistance.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to the Examiner, Sandra M. Nolan, whose telephone number is 703/308-9545. The Examiner can

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normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, from 6:30 am to 4:00 pm, Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, her supervisor, Harold Pyon, can be reached at 703/308-4251. The general fax number for the art unit is 703/305-5436. The fax number for after final communications is 703/872-9310. The receptionist answers 703/308-0661.

S. M. Nolan

Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1700

SMN/smn 09850985(5) June 27, 2002